



**HYPHEN BioMed**

ZAC Neuville Université – 155 rue d'Eragny  
95000 Neuville-sur-Oise (France)

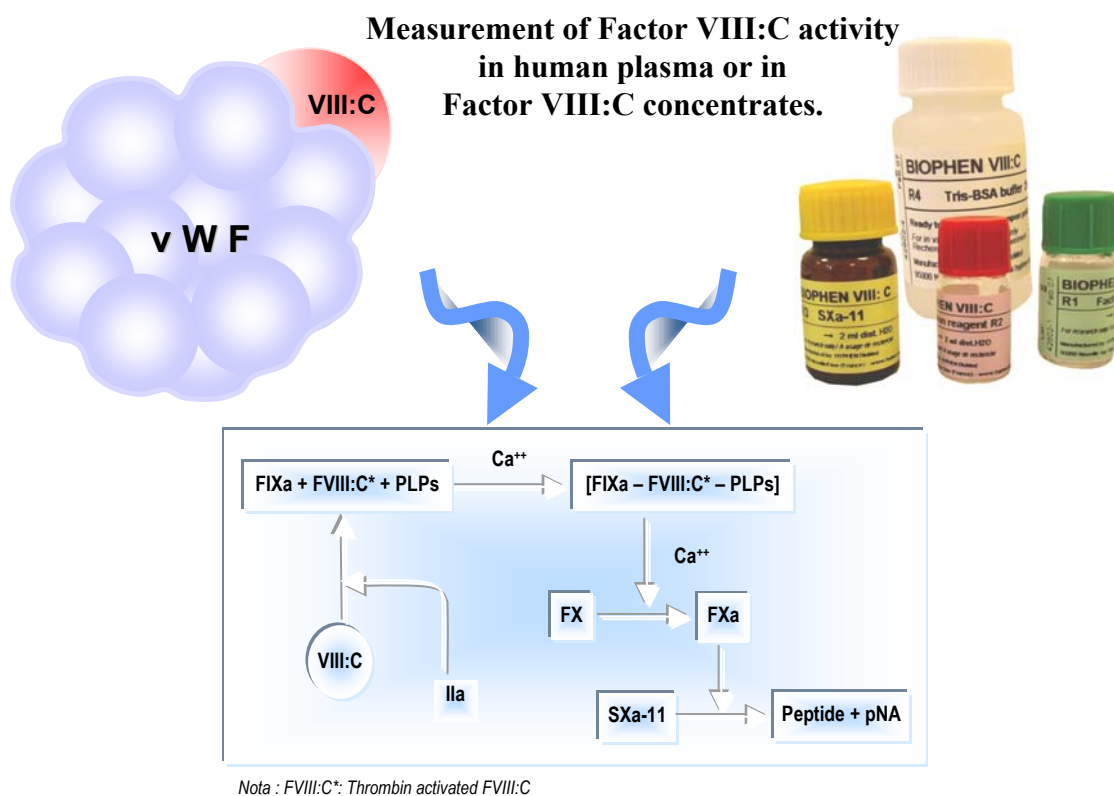
Tel : +33.1.34.40.65.10  
Fax : +33.1.34.48.72.36  
www.hyphen-biomed.com

## **BIOPHEN VIII:C**

# **Factor VIII:C Chromogenic assay**

**Ref. 221402**

**A reference method, which can be used  
with manual or automated techniques.**



- **A fully homogeneous assay, using only highly purified human proteins.**
- **Designed with highly characterized synthetic phospholipids.**
- **Complies with European Pharmacopea Recommendations.**
- **Large excess of Factor X (< 40 % converted to Xa during the assay time).**
- **Offers a high (concentrates and high factor VIII:C concentrations in plasma) and a low working range (Von Willebrand disease and haemophilia A).**

# BIOPHEN VIII:c

## (Ref. 221402)

### Chromogenic assay of Factor VIII:C activity in plasma or concentrates

#### Assay principle

- BIOPHEN Factor VIII:C is a chromogenic assay for testing the cofactor activity of Factor VIII:C.
- When activated by thrombin, Factor VIII:C forms an enzymatic complex with Factor IXa, phospholipids and Calcium, which activates Factor X to Factor Xa.
- In presence of a constant amount of Factor IXa, Phospholipids (PLPs) and Calcium, thrombin activated Factor VIII:C forms an enzymatic complex, which activates Factor X, supplied in the assay at a constant concentration and in excess, to Factor Xa. This activity is directly related to the amount of Factor VIII:C, which is the limiting factor in presence of a constant and in excess amount of Factor IXa. Generated Factor Xa is then exactly measured by its activity on a specific Factor Xa chromogenic substrate (SXA-11). Factor Xa cleaves the substrate and releases pNA. The amount of pNA generated is directly proportional to the Factor Xa activity.
- Finally, there is a direct relationship between the amount of Factor VIII:C in the assayed sample and the Factor Xa activity generated, measured by the amount of pNA released, determined by colour development at 405nm.

#### Kit presentation

##### **R1: Reagent 1: Human Factor X**

Human Factor X, lyophilised in presence of a fibrin polymerisation inhibitor; 2 vials.

##### **R2: Reagent 2: Activation Reagent**

Factor IXa (human), containing human thrombin, calcium and synthetic phospholipids, lyophilised; 2 vials.

##### **R3: Reagent 3: SXa-11**

Chomogenic substrate, specific for Factor Xa (SXA-11), lyophilised. 2 vials containing 6 mg of SXa-11 with a thrombin inhibitor.

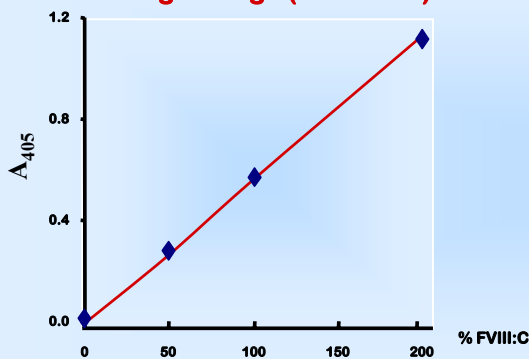
##### **R4 : Reagent 4: Tris-BSA Buffer**

Tris-BSA Buffer, ready to use, containing sodium azide (NaN<sub>3</sub>). 4 vials of 25 mL.

#### Procedure

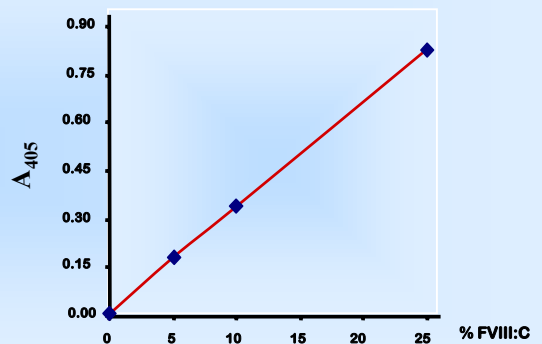
- Specimen: citrated human plasma, or factor VIII:C concentrates.
- Plasma Dilution: High range → 1:40; Low range → 1:10.
- Concentrates' Dilution: predilution to 50 – 200 %, then → 1 : 40.
- Calibration: factor VIII:C calibrator or standard.
- End-point method or kinetics protocols.

#### **High Range (0 to 200%)**



#### **Calibration Curves**

#### **Low Range (0 to 25%)**



#### **Assay Characteristics**

- Total assay time : **10 minutes** or below
- Assay range : **0 to 200 %** for high range  
**0 to 25 %** for low range
- Reproducibility: **< 2 %**
- Detection limit : **about 0.5 %** for low range
- Specificity : Factor VIII: C deficient plasma **< 1 %**
- Adaptations to automatic instruments available
- Can be used with microplate methods

#### **Other Products**

- Factor VIII deficient plasma (# DP040A)
- VWF deficient plasma (# DP150A)
- ZYMUTEST vWF (# RK030A)